Christopher D. Cotton

Columbia University Department of Economics New York, NY 10027

Placement Chair: Martin Uribe, mu2166@columbia.edu, (+1) 212-851-4008 Placement Assistant: Amy Devine, aed2152@columbia.edu, (+1) 212-854-6881

Education

PhD in Economics, Columbia University, 2019 (expected) MA in Economics, Toulouse School of Economics, 2013 BSc in Economics, London School of Economics, 2011

Fields of Specialization

Macroeconomics, Monetary Economics

Job Market Paper

The Inflation Target and the Equilibrium Real Rate

Many economists have proposed raising the inflation target to reduce the probability of hitting the zero lower bound. It is believed that raising the inflation target will not affect the equilibrium real rate. I demonstrate that once we incorporate agent heterogeneity into a standard New Keynesian model, raising the inflation target will lower the equilibrium real rate. In a calibrated model, I find that a rise in the inflation target of 2p.p. generates a fall of between [0.1]p.p. and [0.8]p.p. in the equilibrium real rate. This implies that a rise in the inflation target will raise the average nominal interest rate by less than 2p.p. and thus reduce the probability of hitting the effective lower bound by less than expected.

Other Working Papers

An Alternative Behavioral New Keynesian Model

Gabaix argues that sparse dynamic programming can resolve paradoxes in the New Keynesian model. I demonstrate that some of his results hold only because the consumer never fully learns. Once we allow for the consumer to fully learn, however slowly, passive monetary policy can never be determinate and there is no bound to the impact of a persistent negative rate shock.

Equilibrium in a Generalized Overlapping Generations Framework

I investigate the equilibrium of a generalized overlapping generations model with any number of cohorts and monopolistic competition. I demonstrate that there is typically a unique steady state and that any steady state has a positive equilibrium real rate and no asset bubbles. This contrasts to the classical case where there are often multiple equilibria with negative real rates or asset bubbles. I also provide results on how the equilibrium real rate responds to changes in the structural parameters of the economy.

Macroeconomic Revisions as Shocks (with Emi Nakamura and Jón Steinsson)

Recent work has attempted to make use of macroeconomic revisions as economic shocks to policy and beliefs. We demonstrate that, although this approach might appear promising, omitted variable bias and the endogeneity of revisions themselves implies this approach is, unfortunately, uninformative about the sources of business cycles. Similar concerns arise in the context of using revisions as shocks in other contexts.

Work in Progress

Big Data Evidence on Information Acquisition

I analyse the extent of learning following shocks using novel data on website access. I analyse the extent to which

internet users access individual Wikipedia pages and overall website domains. I assess which categories of pages become more or less popular following shocks. I am able to determine which types of information agents choose to read about and whether they choose to learn for the future.

Fellowships and Awards

Dissertation Fellowship, Columbia University, 2018-2019 Dean's Fellowship, 2013-2018 Vickrey Prize, 2016 (runner-up, best 3rd year paper) Harriss Prize, 2015 (runner-up, best 2nd year paper) Jean-Jacques Laffont Scholarship, Toulouse School of Economics, 2012-2013 University of Toulouse 'Prix d'Excellence', 2012

Research Experience

Dissertation Fellow, Federal Reserve Board (Monetary Studies), Summer 2018 Research Assistant for Serena Ng, Summer 2017 Research Assistant for Emi Nakamura and Jón Steinsson, Summer 2016 Research Assistant for Emi Nakamura and Jón Steinsson, Summer 2014

Teaching Experience

Intermediate Macroeconomics: Spring 2017, Spring 2018; TA for Jón Steinsson; Columbia Macroeconomics I for MA: Fall 2016, Fall 2017; TA for Ron Miller; Columbia Macroeconomics II for MA, Spring 2016; TA for Irasema Alonso; Columbia Advanced Macroeconomics; Fall 2015; TA for Irasema Alonso; Columbia Introduction to Econometrics; Fall 2014, Summer 2015; TA for Seyhan Erden; Columbia Time Series; Spring 2015; TA for Seyhan Erden; Columbia Economics Instructor; Summer 2014; Oxbridge Academic Experience (pre-college classes)

Professional Experience

Summer Intern, UK Government Economic Service, 2012 Summer Intern, Goldman Sachs, 2010

Personal

Citizenship: United Kingdom Languages: English (Native), French (Good)

References

Jón Steinsson (co-advisor) Chancellor's Professor of Economics University of California, Berkeley (+1) 510-642-3674 jsteinsson@berkeley.edu

Jennifer La'O Assistant Professor of Economics Columbia University (+1) 212-854-0474 jenlao@columbia.edu Michael Woodford (co-advisor) John Bates Clark Professor of Political Economy Columbia University (+1) 212-854-1094 michael.woodford@columbia.edu

Agnieszka Dorn

Department of Economics, Columbia University 420 W 118^{th} St., New York, NY 10027

Education

2013-	(In Progress) PhD in Economics	Columbia University
2013	MSc in Mathematics	University of Warsaw
2011	MSc in Economics	University of Warsaw

Fields of Interest

Macroeconomics, Labor Economics

Job Market Paper

"The Cyclicality of Wages and Match Quality."

Work in Progress

"How Dangerous is Godfather? Job-to-Job Transitions and Wage Cuts."

Conferences

2018 ECB Forum on Central Banking – Young economists' session

Research Experience

Summer 2018 The Fund Inter-	nship Program, the International Monetary Fund
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Teaching Experience

Fall 2017	Introduction to Econometrics, Prof. Seyhan Erden, Columbia University
Spring 2017	Behavioral Finance, Prof. Harrison G. Hong, Columbia University
Fall 2016	Intermediate Macroeconomics, Prof. Xavier Sala-I-Martin, Columbia University
Spring 2016	Intermediate Macroeconomics, Prof. Irasema Alonso, Columbia University
Fall 2015	Introduction to Econometrics, Prof. Seyhan Erden, Columbia University
Spring 2015	Introduction to Econometrics, Prof. Seyhan Erden, Columbia University
Fall 2014	Principles of Economics, Fall 2014, Prof. Anna Musatti, Columbia University

Other

Computer Skills: STATA, R, Matlab, Python, C++ Languages: English (fluent), German (intermediate), Polish (native), Russian (elementary)

Phone: 6464219870 Email: a.dorn@columbia.edu

Jiayin Hu

October, 2018

Department of Economics Columbia University New York, NY 10027 Phone: (917) 868-6157 Email: jiayin.hu@columbia.edu https://econ.columbia.edu/econpeople/jiayin-hu/

Placement Chair: Martin Uribe, <u>mu2166@columbia.edu</u> Placement Assistant: Amy Devine, (212) 854-6881, <u>aed2152@columbia.edu</u>

Education:

2019 (expected)	Ph.D.	Economics	Columbia University
2017	M.Phil.	Economics	Columbia University
2016	M.A.	Economics	Columbia University
2014	B.A.	Economics	Tsinghua University
2012	Exchange	Wharton School	University of Pennsylvania

Fields of Specialization:

Primary Field: Banking Theory, Financial Intermediation *Secondary Field:* Corporate Finance

Job Market Paper: Regulating Shadow Banks: Financial Innovation versus Systemic Risk.

Abstract: Why are shadow banks unregulated and what is the optimal shadow bank regulation? I propose a model to investigate macro-prudential regulation when shadow banking sector accommodates both beneficial innovation and systemic risk. In the model, banks endogenously choose between lending to readily available safe and bad risky projects ("traditional banks") and conducting costly financial innovation to produce good risky assets ("innovative banks"). An unregulated sector fosters innovation but induces regulatory arbitrage by traditional banks, which gain an unfair advantage in competition, crowding out innovative banks and increasing systemic risk. I show that regulatory threat through supervision and punishment has a deterrence effect on excessive risky-taking. The credibility and effectiveness of regulatory threat rely on data-collection power and punishment flexibility, highlighting the desirability of the Financial Stability Oversight Council (FSOC) as a prudential regulator.

Working Papers:

To Float or Not to Float? A Model of Money Market Fund Reform.

Abstract: Is the floating net asset value (NAV) more stabilizing than a fixed one for prime money market funds? This paper shows that the floating NAV may lead to more self-fulfilling runs. In a coordination game with imperfect information, the change from stable NAV to floating NAV increases the precision of public signal, leading to multiplicity as in Angeletos and Werning (2006). Moreover, floating NAV increases the value of private information and induces more information acquisition than optimal. I show that constraints on investors' information acquisition capacity could reverse the effect when constrained investors shift to the outside option (safe deposits). The implications are consistent with a surge in conversion from prime funds into government funds right before the reform was implemented in 2016.

Optimal Deposit Insurance Coverage Limit.

Abstract: Why aren't deposits fully insured? I examine the optimal level of deposit insurance coverage limit in a model with both self-fulfilling and fundamental-driven bank runs and highlight the bank profitability channel of insurance costs. An increase in the insurance cap lowers the probability of self-fulfilling runs, but raises the payout cost when a bank run does occur. Interestingly, a self-funded deposit insurance may charge a higher premium on banks, which erodes banks' profits and makes them more vulnerable to runs, especially when interest rate spread is narrow. Fiscal externalities enter into the tradeoff when the optimal deposit insurance requires "leaning against the wind".

Work in Progress:

Regulating the Shadow Banking System.

- An earlier version presented at 2017 Macro Financial Modeling Summer Session for Young Scholars (poster session)

Referee:

International Journal of Central Banking

Other Professional Activity:

President, Association of Graduate Economics Students, Columbia University, 2016-2017

Teaching Experience:

Columbia University:

Instructor: Principles of Economics, Summer 2017

Head teaching assistant:
Intermediate Macroeconomics, Prof. Xavier Sala-i-Martin, Fall 2016 & Fall 2017
Teaching assistant:
Behavioral Finance, Prof. Harrison Hong, Spring 2018
Intermediate Macroeconomics, Prof. Irasema Alonso, Spring 2017
Financial Economics, Prof. Sally Davidson, Spring 2016
Principles of Economics, Prof. Sunil Gulati, Fall 2015

Tsinghua University:

Teaching assistant:

Principles of Economics, Prof. Yingyi Qian & Prof. Xiaohan Zhong, Fall 2013 & Spring 2014 *Critical Thinking and Moral Reasoning*, Prof. Bin Yang, Fall 2013

Other Work Experience

United Nations:

Consultant, Department of Economic and Social Affairs, Summer 2016 *Intern*, Department of Economic and Social Affairs, Summer 2015

People's Bank of China:

Intern, International Finance Division, Research Bureau, People's Bank of China, Summer 2014

Honors and Awards:

Dissertation Fellowship, Department of Economics, Columbia University, 2018-2019 Angell Fellowship, Department of Economics, Columbia University, 2016-2017 Dean's Fellowship, Department of Economics, Columbia University, 2014-2018 National Scholarship, Ministry of Education, China, 2011, 2013 First Class Freshman Scholarship, Tsinghua University, 2010

Personal:

Languages: English (Fluent), Mandarin (Native) Programming: Matlab, R, Stata

References:

Patrick Bolton (Advisor) Barbara and David Zalaznick Professor of Business and Professor of Economics pb2208@columbia.edu 212-854-9245 José Scheinkman Charles and Lynn Zhang Professor of Economics js3317@columbia.edu 212-854-3679 Harrison Hong (Teaching) John R. Eckel Jr. Professor of Financial Economics hh2679@columbia.edu

Yoon J. Jo

10/08/2018

Department of Economics Columbia University New York, NY 10027 206-658-7556 yj2304@colubmia.edu https://sites.google.com/view/yoonjoojo/

Placement Chair:Martin Uribe, <u>mu2166@columbia.edu</u>Placement Assistant:Amy Devine, (212) 854-6881, <u>aed2152@columbia.edu</u>

Education:

2019 (expected)	Ph.D. Economics	Columbia University
2013	M.A. Economics	University of Washington, Seattle
2011	M.A. Economics	Seoul National University, Korea
2009	B.S. Mathematical Science	Korea Advanced Institute of
		Science and Technology (KAIST)
2007-2008	Student Exchange Program	National University of Singapore

Fields of Specialization:

Primary Field: Macroeconomics *Secondary Field:* International economics, Labor economics

Job Market Paper:

"Downward Nominal Wage Rigidity in the United States"

Abstract: This paper uses two nationally representative household surveys, the Current Population Survey (1979-2017) and the Survey of Income and Program Participation (1984-2013), to establish the existence and cyclical pattern of downward nominal wage rigidity in the United States. The distribution of individual workers' year-over-year changes in nominal hourly wages has a large spike at zero and is asymmetric, with many more wage increases than cuts. The distribution also exhibits a notable cyclical pattern: the share of workers with no wage changes, which accounts for the spike at zero, has greater countercyclical fluctuations compared to the share of workers with wage cuts. This finding, which is novel in the literature, suggests that downward nominal wage rigidity exists, with potentially important implications for fluctuations in employment. A recent study (Beraja, Hurst, and Ospina 2018) finds a positive correlation between state-level changes in nominal wage are rather flexible. However, I show that changes in the share of workers with no wage changes are in fact negatively correlated with changes in employment. I therefore argue that Beraja et al.'s finding is still consistent with

downward nominal wage rigidity. Finally, I compare heterogeneous agent models with five different wage-setting schemes—perfectly flexible, Calvo, long-term contracts, menu costs, and downward nominal wage rigidity—and show that only the model with downward nominal wage rigidity is consistent with the empirical findings regarding the shape and cyclicality of the wage change distribution.

Working Papers:

"Estimating the Welfare Gains from E-Commerce: A Price Arbitrage Approach" (with Misaki Matsumura and David E. Weinstein)

Honors and Awards:

2018-2019	Dissertation Fellowship, Department of Economics, Columbia University
2018	AEA Summer Fellowship
2017 - 2018	The Ralph Erdman Holben Fund
2016	Vickrey Prize for Best 3 rd Year Paper (runner-up), Columbia University
2013-2018	Dean's Fellowship, Columbia University
2011-2012	Corkery Fellowship, University of Washington
2009-2011	Brain Korea 21 Research Scholarship, Seoul National University
2004-2008	National Science and Technology Scholarship, Korea Science and
	Engineering Foundation

Research and Work Experience:

Summer 2018	CSWEP Dissertation Fellow, Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago
2016 - 2017	Research assistant for Professor Schmitt-Grohé and Professor Uribe
Summer, 2014	Research Intern, Rakuten Institute of Technology, New York

Teaching Experience:

Spring 2018	TA for International Macroeconomics, Columbia University
Fall, 2017	Empirical Methods for Undergraduate Thesis, Columbia University
Spring, 2017	TA for Topics in Economic Analysis (Prof.Uribe), Columbia University
Spring, 2016	TA for Intermediate Macroeconomics (Prof. Uribe), Columbia University
Fall, 2015	TA for Intermediate Macroeconomics (Prof. Guaitoli), Columbia University
Summer, 2015	TA for International Trade, Columbia University
Spring, 2015	TA for Intermediate Macroeconomics (Prof. Schmitt-Grohé), Columbia University
Fall, 2014	TA for Intermediate Macroeconomics (Prof. Sala-I-Martin), Columbia University
2012 - 2013	TA for Intro to Microeconomics (Prof. Salehi-Esfahani), University of Washington

References:

Stephanie Schmitt-Grohé Professor of Economics Columbia University (212) 851-4010 <u>ss3501@columbia.edu</u> Martín Uribe Professor of Economics Columbia University (212) 851-4008 <u>mu2166@columbia.edu</u> David E. Weinstein Carl S. Shoup Professor of the Japanese Economy Columbia University (212) 854-6880 dew@columbia.edu

ANDREW KOSENKO

Curriculum Vitae, Fall 2018

Department of Economics University of Pittsburgh 4901 Wesley W. Posvar Hall 230 South Bouquet Street Pittsburgh, PA 15260 Email: ank212@pitt.edu Web: andrewkosenko.com

Academic Appointments

Visiting Assistant Professor, Dept. of Econ., University of PittsburghAugust 2018 – April 2019Visiting Scholar, Department of Economics, University of PittsburghJune 2018 - July 2018

Education

2018Ph.D.EconomicsColumbia UniversityDissertation:Essays in Economic Theory: Strategic Communication and Information Design.Committee: Navin Kartik (advisor), Yeon-Koo Che (chair), Joseph E. Stiglitz, Rajiv Sethi, AllisonCarnegie.

2015	M.Phil.	Economics	Columbia University
2014	M.A.	Economics	Columbia University
2010	M.A.	Quant. Methods in Soc. Sci.	Columbia University
2008	B.A.	Economics	New York University
2008	B.A.	European Studies	New York University

Fields of Specialization and Research Interest

Economic theory, economics of information, behavioral economics, neuroscience of learning and memory, time series analysis.

Working Papers and Work in Progress (see website for up to date drafts)

- "Memory as Constructive Process" (in progress)
- "Multisender Information Structures and Preference Restrictions" (in progress)
- "Convergence of Beliefs in Repeated Games: An Application of the Large Deviations Principle" (in progress)
- "Bayesian Persuasion with Private Information" (2018)
- "Mediated Persuasion" (2018)
- "Characterization, Existence and Pareto Optimality in Insurance Markets with Asymmetric Information with Endogenous and Asymmetric Disclosures: Revisiting Rothschild-Stiglitz" (with Joseph E. Stiglitz and Jungyoll Yun, under review, 2018)
- "Things Left Unsaid: The Belief-Payoff Monotonicity Refinement" (2018)

Seminar Presentations (incl. scheduled)

Pitt Micro Theory Brown Bag Seminar September 2018 Stony Brook Game Theory Festival/International Conference July 2018

Columbia Microeconomic Theory Colloquium Fall 2013, Spring 2014, Fall 2014, Spring 2015, Fall 2015, Spring 2016, Fall 2016, Spring 2017, Fall 2017 Columbia Political Economy Breakfast Colloquium Fall 2014

Teaching Experience (Instructor) (incl. scheduled)

Summer 2018	Intro to Mathematical Methods (economics PhD program)	Pitt
Spring 2019	Game Theory (undergraduate)	Pitt

Teaching Experience (TA)

Summers 2016 & 2017	Globalization & Markets & the Changing Economic Landscape.
	Profs. Bruce Greenwald and Joseph Stiglitz (Columbia Executive
	MBA course)
Spring 2016	Perspectives on Economic Studies (first year economics PhD
	course). Prof. Joseph Stiglitz (Columbia)
Fall 2015	Financial Crises. Prof. Jose Scheinkman (Columbia)
Summer 2015	Principles of Economics. Inst. Evan Plous (Columbia)
Spring 2015	Hist. Foundations of Modern Econ. Prof. Andre Burgstaller
	(Barnard College)
Fall 2014	Financial Crises. Prof. Jose Scheinkman (Columbia)
Summer 2014	Principles of Economics. Inst. Xing Xia (Columbia)
Fall 2013	Financial Crises. Prof. Jose Scheinkman (Columbia)
Fall 2010	Economics of Immigration. Prof. David Bernotas (UCSD)
Winter & Spring 2011	Principles of Macroeconomics. Prof. Valerie Ramey, Inst. Laura Gee
	(UCSD)
Fall 2009	Introduction to Economic Reasoning. Prof. David Weiman
	(Barnard College)

Research Experience (only full-time positions listed)

- Research assistant for <u>Joseph E. Stiglitz</u> (University Professor, Columbia Department of Economics, Business School and SIPA) Summer 2016, Fall 2016, Spring 2017, Summer 2017
- Research assistant for <u>Alessandra Casella</u> (Professor, Columbia Department of Economics)
 - Spring 2014
- Research assistant for <u>Mark Orr</u> (Merit Fellow, Columbia Mailman School of Public Health, Department of Epidemiology)
 Fall 2011 – Fall 2012

Professional Experience

- <u>Intern</u>, Economics, Energy and Business Bureau (EEB), U.S. Department of State, Washington, D.C. Summer 2008
- <u>Departmental Advisor</u> (for undergraduate students majoring or interested in economics), Department of Economics (Columbia) Fall 2015, Spring 2016, Fall 2016, Spring 2017

Honors and Awards

2017-2018	Dissertation Fellowship, Columbia University
2012-2017	Dean's Fellowship, Columbia University
2010-2011	Graduate Fellowship, University of California, San Diego
2005	Study Abroad Scholarship (Paris), New York University
2004-2008	Maurice Feinberg Memorial Scholarship, New York University

Personal

Citizenship: USA and Ukraine. Fluent in Ukrainian and Russian, intermediate French and basic German. Matlab, Mathematica, R, zTree, LaTeX, NetLogo, Python (beginner).

References

yc2271@columbia.edu

Navin Kartik (advisor, primary reference)	Joseph E. Stiglitz
Professor	University Professor
Department of Economics	Department of Economics, SIPA & GSB
Columbia University	Columbia University
(212) 854-3926	(212) 854-1481
nk2339@columbia.edu	jes322@gsb.columbia.edu
Yeon-Koo Che	Jose A. Scheinkman (teaching reference)
Kelvin J. Lancaster Professor of Economic Theory	Charles and Lynn Zhang Professor
Department of Economics	Department of Economics
Columbia University	Columbia University
(212) 854-8276	(212) 854-2507

js3317@columbia.edu

Xuan Li

October, 2018

Department of Economics Columbia University New York, NY 10027 Phone: (347) 601-3772 Email: <u>xl2404@columbia.edu</u> Website: <u>https://sites.google.com/site/xuanlieconomics/</u>

Placement Chairs: Navin Kartik, <u>nk2339@columbia.edu</u> Yeon-Koo Che (Spring), <u>yc2271@columbia.edu</u> Placement Assistant: Amy Devine, (212) 854-6881, <u>aed2152@columbia.edu</u>

Education:

2019 (expected)	Ph.D.	Economics	Columbia University
2016	M.Phil.	Economics	Columbia University
2015	M.A.	Economics	Columbia University
2013	B.A.	Economics & Mathematics	Tsinghua University

Honors and Awards:

Dissertation Fellowship, Department of Economics, Columbia University, 2018-2019 Faculty Fellowship, Department of Economics, Columbia University, 2013-2018 Trudy and Paul Woodruff Fellowship, Columbia University, 2016-2017 Chi-Ming Hou Memorial Fellowship, Columbia University, 2015-2016 First Class Freshman Scholarship, Tsinghua University, 2009-2013

Fields of Specialization:

Labor Economics, Development Economics, Behavioral Economics, Health and Education

Job Market Paper: The Efficiency Cost of Favoritism in Employee Promotion: Evidence from Chinese Public High Schools.

Abstract: This paper studies the spillover effects of top-down favoritism within an organization. Using the data on promotion application profiles and results in the Chinese Professional Title Evaluation System of public high school teachers in four cities, I find that teachers with hometown or college ties with the school principals are more likely to be promoted. I design a survey to elicit the teachers' revealed preferences over virtual applicants and infer their perceived fair promotion outcomes in the past, from which the actual outcomes deviate due to favoritism. Although discriminative promotion does not affect the applicants' own productivity on average, their unfairness-perceiving colleagues lower their performance in terms of the value-added in test scores. These adverse spillover effects are more pronounced among those not favored in previous applications, not socially tied to the discriminating principals, and interact more with the victims

of unfairness. A transparency reform that requires disclosing the applicants' profiles to fellow teachers reduces favoritism from the principals and improves the overall productivity of schools.

Working Papers:

Daily Income Targeted Labor Supply: Evidence from Manufacturing Workers.

- An earlier version awarded Harriss Prize for Best 2nd Year Paper, Department of Economics, Columbia University.

Abstract: Using a novel dataset on the daily production of a group of piece-rate manufacturing workers, combined with their daily income shocks from lunch break card game, this paper shows that the workers' afternoon labor supply responded negatively to instantaneously paid gambling income, although labor income was monthly-paid. The workers' behavior was consistent with reference-dependent labor supply where the target was set on the daily mental account which equaled the sum of the face-valued daily (unpaid) labor and (paid) unearned income, as opposed to both the neoclassical and other reference dependence models with real income targets. Structural estimation yields a coefficient of loss aversion parameter of 1.8 to 2.0, significantly different from the neoclassical value of 1; and individual specific loss aversion structural estimates correlate positively with survey measures. This study overcomes the common identification issues in the literature of reference-dependent labor supply by exploiting high-frequency, actively taken-up and intrinsically unanticipated daily income shifters that were independent of other labor supply and demand confounders.

Research in Progress:

The Star Illusion: High School Choice, Peer Quality and Value-Added.

Abstract: Whether and what information on school quality influences parents' school choices is important to understanding whether and how school market competition affects students' academic outcomes. In the setting of elite public high schools in a Chinese province, I show that rather than the absolute performance measures of the entire pool of students, parents of students at all academic achievement levels care about the extreme right tail outcome: the number of "star" graduates who enter elite universities, although the latter is largely random and not informative of the value-added received by the graduation cohort. Star-productive schools therefore attract students of better quality; however, the influence of peer quality on academic value-added is heterogeneous and increasing in the students' own ability: positive for high achieving students and negative for the bottom, which means at least the the parents of low achieving students are irrational in their response to the information on star graduates.

Implicit Son Preference in Household Survey Data: Evidence from the CPS, joint with Douglas Almond.

Abstract: We consider departures from descending age order as an implicit metric of gender preference using Current Population Survey microdata for 1962-2015. Overall, we find the eldest daughter in a household was 2.5 percentage points less likely to be listed as the first child compared to a first-born son. Cross-sectional heterogeneity is pronounced. Single, female-headed households were 5.5 percentage points less likely to list her daughter first, while college-educated

mothers showed a slight (albeit still positive) tendency to demote daughters (.75%). Geographically, respondents in the South-Central US show the highest "daughter skipping" while New York, Illinois, Minnesota, and Oregon parents the least (though all still "pro male"). Implicit gender bias has been persistent over time in the CPS and may serve as a proxy variable for parents' pure taste/preferences in other contexts. Although discretion in ordering children is common in US and international survey data, it has not to our knowledge been exploited.

Uniform Across-Country Wage-Setting in Large Multinationals, joint with Jonas Hjort, Hannes Malmberg and Heather Sarsons.

Research Assistantships:

Prof. Doug Almond, Columbia, Spring 2017 - Spring 2018
Prof. Christopher Moser, Columbia University, Summer 2016
Prof. W. Bentley MacLeod, Columbia University, Spring 2015 & Spring 2016
Prof. Miguel S. Urquiola, Columbia University, Fall 2014
Prof. Stefano DellaVigna, UC Berkeley, Summer 2013

Teaching Experience:

Instructor, *Math Camp for PhD Students in Economics*, Columbia University, Summer 2017
Teaching assistant, *Intermediate Microeconomics* (undergraduate level), Prof. Susan Elmes, Columbia University, Fall 2016
Teaching assistant, *Econometrics I* (M.A. level), Prof. George Olley, Columbia University, Fall 2015, Wueller Teaching Award (Runner-up)

Personal:

Languages: English (Fluent), Mandarin (Native), Cantonese (Native) Programming: Matlab, R, Stata

References:

W. Bentley MacLeod (Sponsor) Sami Mnaymneh Professor of Economics Department of Economics & School of International and Public Affairs Columbia University (310) 571-5083 bentley.macleod@columbia.edu

Jonas Hjort Associate Professor of Economics Graduate School of Business Columbia University (212) 854-5957 hjort@columbia.edu

Douglas Almond Professor Department of Economics & School of International and Public Affairs Columbia University (212) 854-7248 da2152@columbia.edu

Misaki Matsumura

October 2018

Department of Economic Columbia University New York, NY 10027	'S	347-429-0687 mm4387@columbia.edu Personal Website
Placement Chair: Placement Assistant: Education:	Martin Uribe, (212) 851-4008, Amy Devine, (212) 854-6881,	mu2166@columbia.edu aed2152@columbia.edu

2013-2019 (expected)	Ph.D.	Economics	Columbia University
2010-2012	M.A.	Human and Environmental Studies	Kyoto University
2006-2010	B.A.	Integrated Human Studies	Kyoto University

Fields of Specialization:

International Macroeconomics, Monetary Economics, Finance

Job Market Paper:

"What Price Index Should Central Banks Target? An Open Economy Analysis"

Abstract: There is currently a debate over the choice of the price index that central banks should target when economies are open and exposed to international price shocks. This paper derives the optimal price index by solving the Ramsey problem in a New Keynesian Small Open Economy model with an arbitrary number of sectors. Qualitatively, I compare its analytical expression with other popular indices such as the producer price index and the core/headline consumer price index, providing intuitive explanations of why targeting those indices is suboptimal. Quantitatively, I calibrate a 35-sector version of the model for 40 countries and show that stabilization of the optimal price index yields significantly higher welfare than that of alternative indices.

Working Papers:

"Intensive Margin of the Volcker Rule: Price Quality and Welfare," with Sakai Ando, revised and resubmitted to the Journal of Financial Intermediation.

"Constrained Efficiency of Competitive Entrepreneurship," with Sakai Ando, submitted.

"Estimating the Welfare Gains from E-Commerce: A Price Arbitrage Approach," with Yoon J. Jo and David E. Weinstein.

Work in Progress:

"Optimal Monetary Policy in Production Networks," with Jennifer La'O.

Research and Work Experience:

2018	CSWEP Dissertation Fellow	Federal Reserve Bank of Dallas
2017	Research Assistant for Prof. Neng Wang	Columbia University
2017	Research Assistant for Prof. David E. Weinstein	Columbia University
2016	Japan-IMF Scholarship Program Summer Intern	International Monetary Fund
2015	Research Assistant for Prof. Jón Steinsson,	Columbia University
2014	Research Intern	Rakuten Institute of Technology
2012-2013	Research Assistant for Prof. Makoto Yano	Kyoto University
2012-2013	Research Assistant for Prof. Atsushi Kajii	Kyoto University

Teaching Assistantships:

2016 Fall	Economic Development of Japan	Columbia University
2016 Spring	Public Economics	Columbia University
2015 Fall	Introduction to Econometrics (Ph.D. core)	Columbia University
2010-2011	Seminar on Public Policy	Kyoto University
2010-2011	Introductory Economics with Calculus	Kyoto University

Honors and Awards:

2018	Dissertation Fellowship, Columbia University
2018	Summer Fellowship, American Economic Association
2016	Wueller Pre-dissertation Award, Columbia University (runner-up)
2016	Wueller Teaching Award, Columbia University (runner-up)
2014	Graduate Student Research Grants and Summer Stipends, Columbia University
2013	Center on Japanese Economy and Business Doctoral Fellowship, Columbia University
2013	Sumitomo Corporation of Americas Doctoral Fellowship, Columbia University
2013	Japan-IMF Scholarship Program for Advanced Studies, International Monetary Fund
2013	Dean's Fellowship, Columbia University
2006	Kuroda Scholarship, Kuroda Foundation

References:

David E. Weinstein Department of Economics Columbia University (212) 854-6880 <u>dew35@columbia.edu</u> Michael Woodford Department of Economics Columbia University (212) 854-1094 <u>mw2230@columbia.edu</u>

Martin Uribe Department of Economics Columbia University (212) 851-4008 <u>mu2166@columbia.edu</u>

Andy Pham

Contact Information:

523 West 112th Street, Apartment 82 New York, NY 10025 Phone: (626) 319-4499

Email: <u>aqp2001@columbia.edu</u> Site: <u>https://sites.google.com/view/apham/</u>

Placement Chairs: Martin Uribe, <u>mu2166@columbia.edu</u>, Gregory Cox, <u>gfc2106@columbia.edu</u>, Francois Gerard, <u>fg2328@columbia.edu</u>, Tobias Salz, <u>ts3035@columbia.edu</u>

Placement Assistant: Amy Devine, (212) 854-6881, aed2152@columbia.edu

Education:

Ph.D in Economics (expected), Columbia University	2019
Bachelor of Arts, magna cum laude, Economics, University of California, Berkeley	2014
Bachelor of Arts, cum laude, Applied Mathematics, University of California, Berkeley	2014
Honors and Awards:	
Dissertation Fellowship, Department of Economics, Columbia University	2018-2019
Vickrey Prize for Best 3 rd Year Paper (<i>Runner-Un</i>) Columbia University	2017

Vickrey Prize for Best 3 th Year Paper (<i>Runner-Up</i>), Columbia University	2017
Dean's Fellowship, Columbia University	2014-2018
High Honors, Department of Economics, University of California, Berkeley	2014
Honors, Department of Mathematics, University of California, Berkeley	2014
Phi Beta Kappa, University of California, Berkeley	2014

Econometrics and Statistics:

Linear and non-linear regression with panel and time-series data, factor and asset pricing models, ARMA and GARCH, state space modeling and Kalman filtering, vector auto-regressions, yield curve modeling, principal components analysis, Monte Carlo methods, supervised learning methods (Lasso, ridge regression, elastic net, and random forests using Scikit-learn), elementary artificial neural networks (perceptron/feed-forward and long short-term memory using Keras)

Programming Experience:

Python, R, Matlab, Stata, Latex

Fields: International Finance, Finance, Macroeconomics

Job Market Paper:

Intermediary-Based Asset Pricing and the Cross-Sections of Exchange Rates

Abstract: I investigate whether fluctuations in the capital ratio of financial intermediaries provide an economic source of risk for the various cross-sections of exchange rate returns. I find that intermediary capital significantly prices the carry trade and the joint cross-section of a variety of currency portfolios, signifying the relevance of financial intermediaries as a fundamental economic source of global risk. I show that intermediary capital risk is a component of the previously identified high-minus-low (HML) carry factor of Lustig, Roussanov, and Verdelhan (2011), shedding light upon the economic sources of risk contained within this global risk factor. In addition, I show that intermediary capital serves as a relevant factor for the pricing of exchange rate risk when compared with the dollar and global dollar factors identified by Verdelhan (2018), shares common variation with the latter, and that the global dollar factor purged of US-specific risk helps price the full cross-section of foreign exchange portfolios.

Working Papers:

International Bank Lending and the October 2016 US Money Market Fund Reform

Abstract: US money market funds have been a key source of dollar funding for foreign banks. I examine whether the contraction of funding from prime funds due to the October 2016 US money market fund reform affected syndicated international bank lending by foreign banks. I find that despite the large drop in funding from prime funds, partially offset by funding from government funds, the reform had no effect on the composition or volume of dollar lending. This is suggestive of foreign banks' ability to substitute for dollar funding from other sources, in line with anecdotal evidence from the BIS (2017).

The Role of Dollar Funding and US Monetary Policy in International Bank Lending

Abstract: Given the dollar's dominant role in international lending, I examine whether shocks to US monetary policy as measured by high frequency identification affect international lending by global banks, contingent on their reliance on dollar funding. I find that contractionary monetary policy shocks in the previous quarter decrease international lending growth after controlling for confounding borrower demand shocks by utilizing borrower-country-quarter fixed effects à la Khwaja and Mian (2008). This effect is increasing in the fraction of dollar denominated liabilities in the lender country's banking system, a proxy for reliance on dollar denominated funding. This result remains robust to controls and sector fixed effects and I find that results are driven by a decline in lending to non-bank private sector and banking sector counterparties.

A Bank-Level Analysis of the Bank-Sovereign Nexus (joint with Romain Bouis)

Abstract: We identify an unconditional negative relationship between banks' holdings of government securities and credit growth across a wide panel of banks across 20 years and over 150 countries. We find that this aspect of the bank-sovereign nexus is primarily attributed to portfolio rebalancing rather than crowding out due to moral suasion. Banks substitute away from loans towards holdings of government securities at times of distress precisely when non-performing loan ratios are high, an indication of poor quality of available lending projects and borrowers. Using system GMM, we show that banks increase their holdings of government securities following years of high NPL ratios and are more profitable in the year following this increase in holdings, suggestive of optimal rebalancing.

Work Experience:

Fund Internship Program, International Monetary Fund, African Department Regional Studies Division 2018

- Estimated cross-sectional time-series models on an international panel of banks spanning 20 years and over 150 countries to identify the unconditional relationship between bank lending and holdings of government securities and highlight portfolio rebalancing as the primary driver in contrast to moral suasion.
- Estimated dynamic panel models using system GMM to show evidence of portfolio rebalancing motives for banks' holdings of government securities and the related impact on profitability.
- Culminated in two presentations in the African Department's Financial Networks seminar series and a working paper, *A Bank-Level Analysis of the Bank-Sovereign Nexus*, to be submitted to the IMF Working Papers series.

Ph.D Summer Intern, Barings, Emerging Market Debt

- Identified and estimated parsimonious, country-specific, linear factor models for prediction of EM equity index returns using lagged macro-fundamentals, exchange rates, and commodity prices as predictors, employing a self-designed, systematic model selection rule.
- Examined lead-lag relationships among EM equities, CDS, FX, local currency, and hard currency bonds at the country level and back-tested automated trading strategies based on estimates.
- Constructed and back-tested automated trading strategies using signals based on EM team's past portfolio changes in bond and FX positions to examine whether fundamentals views on country bond and FX returns could have also translated into returns in equities.

Software Quality Assurance Analyst, Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory

2017

Teaching Experience:

Finance and the Real Economy, Teaching Assistant for Matthieu Gomez, Spring 2018 Financial Economics, Teaching Assistant for Gernot Mueller, Fall 2017 Intermediate Macroeconomics, Teaching Assistant for Irasema Alonso, Spring 2017 Financial Economics, Teaching Assistant for Sally Davidson, Fall 2016 Principles of Economics, Teaching Assistant for Sunil Gulati, Fall 2015 – Spring 2016

Invited Workshops/Talks:

IMF African Department Financial Networks Seminar	2018
Princeton Initiative for Money, Macro, and Finance	2016
Becker Friedman Institute Macro Financial Modeling Summer Camp for Young Scholars	2016

Other Professional Activity

jsteinsson@berkeley.edu

Economics Department Representative, Columbia University, Graduate Student Advisory Council 2016-2018

Personal:

Nationality: American Languages: English (native), French (elementary), Vietnamese (elementary)

References:

Richard Clarida (primary) C. Lowell Harris Professor of Economics and Professor of International and Public Affairs Columbia University 212-854-3676 rhc2@columbia.edu	Jennifer La'O (co-sponsor) Assistant Professor of Economics Columbia University 212-854-0474 jenlao@columbia.edu
Jón Steinsson	Jesse Schreger
Chancellor's Professor of Economics	Assistant Professor of Macroeconomics
University of California, Berkeley	Columbia Business School
510-642-3674	212-851-0171

Last updated October 4th, 2018.

jesse.schreger@columbia.edu

Qiuying Qu

October 2018

Department of Economics qq2106@columbia.edu Tel: (917) 862-2651 Columbia University New York, NY 10027 **Placement Committee** Placement Chair Martin Uribe mu2166@columbia.edu (212) 851-4008 Placement Assistant Amy Devine aed2152@columbia.edu (212) 854-6881 Education Columbia University, New York, NY Ph.D. in Economics 2019 (Expected) M.Phil. in Economics 2016 2015 M.A. in Economics Peking University, Beijing, China M.A. in Economics 2013 **B.A.** in Economics 2011 B.A. in Sociology (Dual Degree) 2011

Fields of Specialization

Primary: Development Economics, Applied Microeconomics Secondary: Urban Economics

Job Market Paper

"Zombie Firms and Political Capture of Bank Lending"

Zombie firms (indebted firms that are unprofitable and depend on banks or government bailouts for continued operation) are costly. The existence of zombie firms has been attributed to banks continuing to provide forbearance lending in their own interests. However, in the contexts of developing economies, local government, alongside banks, may be contributing to keeping zombie firms alive. Studying loans in China, I examine how bank lending is captured and tracks the appointment cycle of local government officials. I find that there is significant targeting of firms, with bank lending to zombie firms dramatically increases in the last service year of local government officials and exhibits a significant increasing trend across the appointment cycle. I also show that capture is selective: although local government officials may pressure small local banks to lend to unprofitable firms, their ability to capture large nationally operated banks is relatively limited.

Working Papers

"Privatization and Enterprise Performance in China: Evidence from China's State-Owned Enterprises Reform"

The ownership structure of China's state-owned enterprises (SOEs) has changed dramatically over the past two decades through ownership privatization. Studies on the effect of privatization on enterprise performance are usually subject to selection bias and endogeneity problem. Based on a panel data of

SOEs from 1998 to 2004, this paper uses fixed effects model and propensity score matching method to estimate the effect of privatization on enterprise performance, controlling for both time-invariant and time-variant enterprise characteristics. It also uses the exogenous demarcation of the Economic and Technological Development Zones where the enterprises locate as identification strategy. In addition, it distinguishes the average effect and contemporaneous effect of each round of privatization. Within the sample, privatization leads to an overall increase in productivity, profitability, and innovation activity. Privatization reduces employment contemporaneously, but enlarges the operation scale in the long run. The gain in profitability mainly comes from the reduction in administrative expenses.

"Export Subsidies and Quality Upgrading: Evidence from Chinese Manufacturing Firms"

Although it is well acknowledged that export subsidy is an effective way to prompt the scale of export, its effect on the quality of products of the export firms is less evident. This paper examines the effect of export subsidy on firm's quality upgrading behavior in the context of China. To avoid potential endogeneity problem, the empirical analysis benefits from exogenous variations in export tax rebate program induced by government fiscal burden during the period of 2000 to 2006. Analyses using panel data at the product level show that export subsidy, or export tax rebate has a positive on product quality, product price and investment in advertisement, R&D activities, and human capital accumulation, which are closely related to product quality. After controlling for destination country characteristics from the demand side, export subsidy and firm characteristics from the supply side still have explanatory power on product quality. In addition, the quality effect of export subsidy is more significant for foreign-invested firms and technology intensive firms.

"Productivity Differences Across Cities: The Effect of City Size and Intermediate Input Linkages"

To examine the reasons behind the geographical dispersion of firm productivity across cities of different sizes, I study three mechanisms through which city size affects the productivity distribution: firm selection, agglomeration externalities, and intermediate input linkages. I develop a model which characterizes the role of each mechanism in shaping the productivity distribution in a city: left truncation and rightward shift. The quantile regression analysis, based on the dataset on Chinese manufacturing firms, shows that as city size increases, the resulting stronger selection effect moves the left truncation point to the right. Meanwhile, both the benefit from local intermediate input sector and agglomeration externalities in larger cities can mitigate this selection effect and right-shift the productivity distribution.

Published Articles

"Impact of the 18th Birthday on Waitlist Outcomes among Young Adults Listed for Heart Transplant: A Regression Discontinuity Analysis." With D. M. Peng, N. McDonald, S. A. Hollander, D. Bernstein, K. Maeda, B. D. Kaufman, D. N. Rosenthal, and C. S. Almond. *Journal of Heart and Lung Transplantation*, vol. 36, no. 11, pp. 1185-1191, Nov. 2017.

"The Three-Factor Model and Size and Value Premiums in China's Stock Market." With Shiqing Xie. *Emerging Markets Finance and Trade*, vol. 52, no. 5, pp. 1092-1105, March 2016.

Policy-Oriented Papers (in Chinese)

"Challenges for Financial Stability Board." With Shiqing Xie. *Macroeconomic Management*, 2012, no. 10, pp. 84-86. ISSN: 1004-907X, CN: 11-3199/F.

"A Comparative Study of Bank for International Settlements and International Monetary Fund."

With Shiqing Xie. Macroeconomics, 2012, no. 9, pp. 36-40. ISSN: 1008-2069, CN: 11-3952/F.

- "Analysis on the World Bank Voting Rights Reform." With Shiqing Xie. *Macroeconomics*, 2010, no. 8, pp. 8-11. ISSN: 1008-2069, CN: 11-3952/F.
- "Analysis on the Recent Development of Insurance Linked Securities." With Shiqing Xie. *Insurance Studies*, 2010, no. 7, pp. 84-89. ISSN: 1004-3306, CN: 11-1632/F.

Teaching Experience

Teaching assistant, *Columbia University*Corporate Finance, *Spring 2016, Fall 2016, Spring 2017, Fall 2017, Spring 2018*Urban Economics, *Fall 2015*Game Theory, *Spring 2015*M.A. Economic Growth and Development, *Fall 2014*

Teaching assistant, *Peking University* International Financial Organizations, *Fall 2011, Fall 2012* Personal Financial Management, *Summer 2011* MATLAB Programming in Financial Engineering, *Spring 2012*

Honors and Awards

Dissertation Fellowship, Columbia University	2018-Present
Dean's Fellowship, Columbia University	2013-2017
Master Academic Excellence Scholarship, Peking University	2011-2012
Merit Student (University top 1%), Peking University	2011
China National Scholarship	2010
Leo KoGuan Scholarship	2010
Shenzhen Development Bank Scholarship	2009
Youth Scholarship, Peking University	2007

Personal

Programming:	Stata, R, MATLAB
Languages:	English (fluent), Chinese (native)
Certification:	Passed all three levels of the Chartered Financial Analyst (CFA) Program
Interests:	Piano, Chinese folk dance

References

Eric Verhoogen (Primary)	Jack Willis	Michael Best
Professor	Assistant Professor	Assistant Professor
Department of Economics	Department of Economics	Department of Economics
Columbia University	Columbia University	Columbia University
(212) 854-4428	(857)-928-1494	(212) 851-9485
eric.verhoogen@columbia.edu	jw3634@columbia.edu	mcb2270@columbia.edu

Anurag Singh

September 26, 2018

Department of Economics Columbia University New York, NY 10027 (206)-747-8476 anurag.singh@columbia.edu https://s-anurag.github.io/

Placement Chairs: Martín Uribe, <u>mu2166@columbia.edu</u> Placement Assistant: Amy Devine, (212) 854-6881, <u>aed2152@columbia.edu</u>

Education:

2019 (expected)	Ph.D. Economics	Columbia University
2012	M.A. Economics	Delhi School of Economics
2008	B.Tech. Mechanical Engineering	Indian Institute of Technology (IIT),
		Bombay

Fields of Specialization:

Primary Field: Macroeconomics *Secondary Field:* International Macroeconomics, International Finance

Job Market Paper:

Clustered Sovereign Defaults

Abstract: Clustered sovereign defaults are a recurring phenomenon. In order to understand the nature of shocks and the mechanism through which these shocks lead countries to clustered defaults, the paper starts with a joint estimation of the structural parameters driving the output process of 24 defaulting countries and a process for the world interest rate. The postulated output process includes transitory and permanent global components as well as transitory and permanent country-specific components. The paper then builds a sovereign default model augmented with financial frictions at the firm level. In spite of the fact that the shocks are estimated independently of the model or of default data, once fed into the model, they reproduce the clustered default of 1982, providing a joint validation of the transitory component of output that are most important in leading countries to default in clusters. Contrary to what is commonly believed, the Volcker interest-rate hike was not a determinant factor of the 1982 developing country debt crisis.

Working Papers:

Credit Constrained Households in Emerging Markets and their Effect on Consumption Volatility

Creditor Rights During a Financial Crisis, (with Sudip Gupta and Krishnamurthy Subramanian)

Honors and Awards:

2018-2019	Dissertation Fellowship, Department of Economics, Columbia University
2013-2018	Dean's Fellowship, Department of Economics, Columbia University
2011-2012	National CAS Scholarship, Delhi School of Economics, University of Delhi

Research and Work Experience:

Research Assistant	
2012-2013	Krishnamurthy Subramanian, Indian School of Business (ISB)
Work Experience	
2010	Economist, Nathan Economic Consulting
2008-2010	Business Analyst, Standard Chartered Bank

Teaching Experience:

Instructor	
Summer 2016	International Trade (Undergraduate)
Teaching Assistant	
Spring 2018	The Global Economy (Undergraduate), Ronald Miller
Fall 2017, Fall 2015	Intermediate Macroeconomics (Undergraduate), Irasema Alonso
Spring 2017	Macroeconomic Analysis II (Masters), Irasema Alonso
Fall 2016	Economics of Money and Banking (Undergraduate), Perry Mehrling
Summer 2016	Advance Macroeconomics (Masters), Irasema Alonso
Spring 2016	Intermediate Macroeconomics (Undergraduate), Martin Uribe
Spring 2015, Fall 2014	Principles of Economics (Undergraduate), Sunil Gulati

Personal:

Citizenship: Indian Languages: Hindi (Native), English (Fluent)

References:

Martín Uribe Department of Economics Columbia University (212)-851-4008 <u>mu2166@columbia.edu</u> Stephanie Schmitt-Grohé Department of Economics Columbia University (212)-851-4010 <u>ss3501@columbia.edu</u> Andres Drenik Department of Economics Columbia University (650)-888-8349 ad3376@columbia.edu

Danyan Zha

September, 2018

Department of Economics	(301)364-7981	
Columbia University	dz2266@columbia.edu	
New York, NY, 10027	http://www.columbia.edu/~dz2266	

Placement Committee:

Martin Uribe (Chair)	mu2166@columbia.edu	212-851-4008	
Yeon-Koo Che (spring)	yc2271@columbia.edu	212-854-8276	
Gregory Cox	gfc2106@columbia.edu	212-854-5489	
Francois Gerard	fg2328@columbia.edu	212-851-4478	
Tobias Salz (fall)	ts3035@columbia.edu	212-854-8985	
Coordinator of the Graduate Program			
Amy Devine	aed2152@columbia.edu	212-854-6881	

Education

2019 (expected)	Ph.D. Economics	Columbia University
2013	M.A. Economics	University of Maryland at College Park
2011	B.A. Economics and Finance	Tsinghua University, China
2011	B.S. Pure and Applied Mathematics	Tsinghua University, China
2010 spring	Exchange Program	University of California, Berkeley

Fields of Specialization:

Primary Fields: Applied Microeconomics, Development Economics, Family Economics *Secondary Fields*: Matching theories, Gender Economics

Working papers

Schooling Expansion and Marriage Mardket: Evidence from Indonesia

Abstract: This paper analyzes how education distribution shock affects marriage market exploiting a massive schooling expansion policy in Indonesia. In the late 1970s, Indonesia has constructed 61,807 primary schools across the country. Using both variation across regions in the number of schools constructed and variation across birth cohorts, we find that (1) in sparsely populated areas, primary school construction increased primary school attainment rate and didn't affect secondary school attainment rate; (2) in densely populated areas, primary school attainment rate was not affected but secondary school attainment rate decreased due to secondary school quality deterioration. Since females marry at a younger age than males, the program affected females would be first observed in marriage market. This creates a transitory period of marriage markets where female education changes but not males. In this transition period, we find that females' age of marriage didn't change in sparely populated areas but decreased in densely populated areas. This finding can be rationalized by an OLG matching model with complementarity between husbands' and wives' education, and complementarity between a secondary school degree of the husband and a younger age of the wife.

Multidimensional Matching: Hukou Status in the Marriage Market

winner of the Vickrey Prize for best third year paper

Abstract: I develop a two-dimensional matching model on marriage market in China, where individuals are characterized by a continuous trait (e.g. socioeconomic status) and a discrete attribute (hukou status). Surplus gain from marriage depends on the discrete characteristics with the rationale that (1) a urban *hukou* is much more valuable than a rural *hukou* and (2) it's harder for a husband to move to wife's place and (3) a limited quota of *hukou* change is available upon marriage. I show that a stable match always exists but may fail to be pure, and derive some properties. I then further specify the model by assuming a quadratic surplus function. In that case, closed form stable matching can be fully characterized. Using China 1990 1% sample census, and proxying socioeconomic status by educational attainment, model predictions are validated. There are fewer across-*hukou* type marriages and even fewer rural husband-urban wife match. Matching is assortative on education within each marriage type. Urban husbands with rural wives have on average fewer schooling years than those with urban wives.

Work in Progress

Gender Norm, Labor Supply and Marriage Market

Abstract: Previous studies have found a sharp mass decline to the right of ½ in the probability density function of wife income share within household. Incorporating this "gender norm" into a household model, I found a testable prediction on labor supply: male labor supply is decreasing with wife's wage when her potential wage is lower than his, however, it's going to increase with wife's wage when her potential wage is higher than his. With this micro-founded marital surplus, I then introduce a matching model on potential wages, which still predicts positive assortative matching on wages.

What I Missed: Marriage Outcomes of Sent-Down Youth in China, with Lu Liu

Abstract: During 1966 and 1978 in China, 17 million youth were sent down to countryside. Using a dataset on monozygotic twins in China, we analyzed the impact of this experience on their future marriage outcomes. We found an insignificant impact on females but for males: three years' sent-down experience increased first marriage age by 0.384 years and decreased spousal consumption share by 30%.

The Hong Kong Marriage Market in the Past Three Decades, with So Yoon Ahn and Edoardo Ciscato

Awards

Columbia Economics Wueller Pre-Dissertation Award (runner-up), 2017 Columbia Economics Best third year paper Vickery prize, 2016 Kathryn and Shelby Davis International Fellowship, 2017-2018 Chi-Ming Hou Memorial Fellowship, 2016-2017 Academic Excellence Award, Tsinghua University, 2008, 2009, and 2010 First prize in Jiangxi Province in the *National Mathematics Olympic Competition* at high school in 2006

Research Experience

2017	Summer Visiting scholar to Peking University HSBC Business School, China
2016	Research Assistant to Yeon-Koo Che
2015	Research Assistant to Jonas Hjort
2014-2015	Research Assistant to Michael Woodford
2012-2013	Research Assistant to Erkut Ozbay and Emel Filiz Ozbay

Teaching Experience

2015-2018	Teaching Assistant, Department of Economics, Columbia University		
	Intermediate Microeconomics (Spring 2018) - Instructor: Anna Musatti		
	Economics of Information (Fall 2017) - Instructor: Pierre-André Chiappori		
	Market design (Spring 2017) - Instructor: Guillaume G. Haeringer		
	Market design (Spring 2016) - Instructor: Yeon-Koo Che		
	Microeconomics Analysis I (PhD) (Fall 2015)		
	- Instructors: Pierre-André Chiappori and Pietro Ortoleva		
2013	Instructor, Department of Economics, University of Maryland at College Park		
	Economic Statistics (Summer 2013)		

Professional Services

Referee for Journal of Human Resources

Conference Presentations

North American Summer Meeting of the Econometric Society, UC Davis, June 2018 European Meeting of the Econometric Society, Cologne, Germany, August 2018 Southern Economic Association Conference (Scheduled November 2018)

Other

Software skills: Stata, R, Matlab, QGIS Language: Chinese (Native), English (Fluent), French (Intermediate)

References

Professor Pierre-André Chiappori Columbia University 212-854-6369 pc2167@columbia.edu Professor Bernard Salanié Columbia University 212-854-0472 bs2237@columbia.edu

Professor Cristian Kiki Pop-Eleches Columbia University (212) 854-4476 cp2124@columbia.edu

Qing Zhang

Department of Economics Columbia University New York, NY 10027

(917) 515-7280 qz2208@columbia.edu

Placement Chair: Martin Uribe, mu2166@columbia.edu Placement Assistant: Amy Devine, (212) 854-6881, aed2152@columbia.edu

Education

Ph.D. in Economics, Columbia University, 2019 (Expected)

M.Phil. in Economics, Columbia University, 2016

B.S. in Information Systems and Management Science, Tsinghua University, 2013

Honors and Awards

Dissertation Fellowship, Columbia University, 2018-2019

Ralph Erdman Holben Fellowship, Columbia University, 2016-2017

Sage Best Paper Award Honorable Mention, American Political Science Association, 2017

Dean's Fellowship and Faculty Fellowship, Columbia University, 2013-2018

Hang Seng Scholarship, Tsinghua University, 2011

Bibliophilia Scholarship, Tsinghua University, 2010

Fields of Specialization

Development Economics, Urban Economics, Political Economy

Job Market Paper

Urban Density and Welfare

In this paper, I study the implications of zoning for urban density and the welfare of city residents by exploiting a national policy in China that requires every residential building to receive two hours of sunshine a day in winter. The policy creates plausibly exogenous variation in density across latitudes, as northern cities where the solar elevation angle is smaller face more stringent density constraints. I show that restrictive zoning leads to less vibrant neighborhoods. Guided by a model, I decompose the welfare impacts of the policy into its effects on housing prices and consumers' market access to local non-tradables.

Working Papers

From Internet to Social Safety Net: The Policy Consequences of Online Participation in China Under review, with Junyan Jiang and Tianguang Meng In recent years, Internet-based platforms are increasingly being adopted by governments around the world to facilitate public engagement with citizens. However, it remains an open question whether participation through these platforms can actually enable citizens to influence policies. We address this question by studying the patterns and consequences of online participation at a major electronic petition platform in China, a country with the world's largest Internet-using population. Content analysis of over 900,000 petitions reveals that a substantial share of them concern lower-class issues and are originated from less developed rural and suburban areas. Linking variations in petition volumes to an original dataset of government policy priorities, we further show that online participation led governments to place greater emphasis on social welfare policies and to increase the coverage of a key low-income assistance program. These results suggest that online participation has the potential to improve the quality of governance even in an authoritarian regime.

Do Market-oriented Reforms Explain China's Economic Growth?

with Amit Khandelwal, Suresh Naidu and Heiwai Tang

Many analysts attribute China's economic performance to its shift towards market reforms. We apply natural language processing methods to analyze a comprehensive corpus of 1.4 million legal documents issued by the national and provincial governments since 1949. We first document several patterns: (1) the Chinese government has constantly nullified existing laws, especially after 2000; (2) Relative to national legal documents, provincial-level documents have been issued at a faster rate; (3) the share of laws on economics-related issues has been gradually declining. We then quantify the degree of market orientation of China's policies using word embedding techniques, and relate them to provincial economic growth and other macroeconomic outcomes. Preliminary empirical results show that only a small part of provincial economic and foreign direct investment growth can be explained by the focus on neoliberal ideas and reforms in the country's laws and regulations.

Conference/Invited Talks

China Economics Summer Institute, Chinese University of Hong Kong, 2018

Young Economists Symposium, Yale University, 2017

Quantitative China Studies Seminar, New York University, 2017

Grants

Law and Public Policy Research Grant (\$14,500), Richard Paul Richman Center, Columbia University, 2018

GSAS and Department of Economics Travel Grants, Columbia University, 2018

Research Assistantships

Research Assistant for W. Bentley MacLeod, 2017

Research Assistant for Suresh Naidu, 2014-2015

Research Assistant for Chenggang Xu (CKGSB), 2012

Other Relevant Experience

University of Chicago Price Theory Summer Camp, 2017

Consultant, Asian Development Bank Mongolia Resident Mission, Ulaanbaatar, Summer 2015 Board Member, Association of Graduate Economic Students, Columbia University, 2014-2016

Teaching Experience

Teaching Fellow at Columbia University

Perspectives on Economic Studies (PhD course) with Joseph Stiglitz, Spring 2017 & 2018

International Trade with Réka Juhász, Fall 2016

Introduction to Econometrics with Seyhan Erden, Summer 2016

Cognitive Mechanisms and Economic Behavior with Michael Woodford, Spring 2015 & 2016

Political Economy with Alessandra Casella, Fall 2015

Intermediate Macroeconomics with Xavier Sala-i-Martin, Fall 2014

Section Leader at Tsinghua University

Principles of Economics, Spring 2013

Programming

Skills: Python, R, Julia, Matlab, LTEX, C, Java, Stata

Personal

Languages: English (fluent), Mandarin (native)

References

W. Bentley MacLeod Sami Mnaymneh Professor of Economics Columbia University 310-571-5083 bentley.macleod@columbia.edu

Amit Khandelwal Jerome A. Chazen Professor of Global Business Columbia Business School 212-854-7506 ak2796@columbia.edu Suresh Naidu Associate Professor of Economics and Public Affairs Columbia University 212-854-0027 sn2430@columbia.edu

Last updated: October 3, 2018

WEIJIE ZHONG

Last updated: October 1, 2018

Columbia University, Department of Economics 420 West, 118th Street New York, NY, 10025 Mail: wz2269@columbia.edu http://www.columbia.edu/~wz2269

Placement Chair:Martin Uribemu2166@columbia.eduPlacement Committee:Yeon-Koo Cheyc2271@columbia.eduGregory Coxgfc2106@columbia.eduFrançois Gérardfgerard@columbia.eduTobias Salztobias.salz@columbia.eduPlacement Assistant:Amy Devineaed2152@columbia.edu

Education

Columbia University

Ph.D. Candidate in Economics (2013-present) Expected Completion Date: June 2019 Research Fields: Microeconomics Theory, Market Design

References:

Professor Yeon-Koo Che Columbia University (212) 854-8276 yc2271@columbia.edu Professor Navin Kartik Columbia University (212) 854-3926 nk2339@columbia.edu Professor Qingmin Liu Columbia University (212) 854-2512 qingmin.liu@columbia.edu

Tsinghua University

BSc. in Mathematics and Physics (2009-2013) BA in Economics (2010-2013)

Job Market Paper

"Optimal Dynamic Information Acquisition."

Latest Version: https://goo.gl/xCg6R1, Supplemental Material: https://goo.gl/hzrzac Abstract: In this paper, I study a dynamic model in which a decision maker (DM) acquires information prior to making her decision. The key feature of the model is the flexibility of information: the DM can choose any dynamic signal process as an information source, subject to a flow cost that depends on the informativeness of signal. The optimal strategy is to seek for an informative signal arriving as a Poisson process. At the optimum, the arrival of signal confirms prior belief and leads to immediate action. The optimal signal has increasing precision and decreasing frequency over time.

Research Papers

Published Papers

"Auction with Limited Commitment." with Qingmin Liu, Konrad Mierendorff and Xianwen Shi. *American Economics Review*, Forthcoming.

Latest Version: https://goo.gl/8d2qgH

Short Abstract: Auctioneer with limited commitment and many bidders can achieve only profit level of an efficient auction.

Working Papers

"Time preference and information acquisition."

Latest Version: https://goo.gl/9aV6BD, ArXiv: 1809.05120 Short Abstract: Poisson learning creates most dispersed decision time distribution.

"Indirect information measure and dynamic learning."

Latest Version: https://goo.gl/ZCGBDt, ArXiv: 1809.00697 Short Abstract: Under indirect information measure from sequential cost minimization, Poisson learning is the optimal dynamic learning strategy.

"Selling information."

Latest Version: https://goo.gl/6aRjZY, ArXiv: 1809.06770

Short Abstract: Monopolistic seller of information should design a rich menu to optimally screen buyers holding private information.

Work in Progress

"Lemonade from Lemons: Information Design and Adverse Selection." with Navin Kartik "Ratings-Guided Search." with Yeon-Koo Che and Teddy Kim

Professional Activities

Referee

Econometrica, Journal of Economic Theory, European Journal of Operational Research

Conference & Workshop Presentations

- 2017: Warwick Economics PhD Conference (Warwick), Econometrics Society Summer Meetings (Asian: CUHK; China: Wuhan; North American: WUSTL), Midwest Economics Theory Conference (Kentucky), SAET (Portugal), Young Economists Symposium (Yale), International Conference on Game Theory (Stony Brook)
- 2018: SITE Workshop in Dynamic Games (Stanford), Econometrics Society Summer Meetings (China: Fudan; North American: UC Davis), BEAT (Tsinghua), International Conference on Game Theory (Stony Brook)

Organizer

- 2016: Micro Theory Reading Group at Columbia Economics
- **2017:** *Micro Theory Colloquium* at Columbia Economics

Research Experiences

Research Assistantships

- 2014: Sylvain Chassang (Princeton University)
- 2015: Qingmin Liu (Columbia University), Navin Kartik (Columbia University) Marina Halac and Andrea Prat (Columbia Business School)
- 2016: Marina Halac and Pierre Yared (Columbia Business School) Yeon-Koo Che (Columbia University)
- 2017: Navin Kartik (Columbia University), Yeon-Koo Che (Columbia University) Marina Halac and Pierre Yared (Columbia Business School)
- 2018: Yeon-Koo Che (Columbia University)

Teaching Experiences

Graduate TA

- 2015: G5211 Microeconomics Analysis I, Pietro Ortoleva
- 2016: G6212 Microeconomics Analysis II, Patrick Bolton/ Navin Kartik G6410 Math Methods for Economists
- 2018: G6600 Market Design, Yeon-Koo Che

Undergraduate TA

- 2014: W3211 Intermediate Micro, Jonathan Vogel
- 2015: W3211 Intermediate Micro, Pietro Ortoleva

Honors and Awards

- 2018: Dissertation Fellowship, Columbia University (-2019)
- 2016: Wueller Pre Dissertation Award for Best Proposal, Columbia University
- 2013: Dean's Fellowship, Columbia University (-2018)

Oskar Zorrilla

October 3, 2018

Department of Economics Columbia University New York, NY 10027 (+1) 303-548-8388 o.zorrilla@columbia.edu

Placement Chairs: Martin Uribe, <u>mu2166@columbia.edu</u> Placement Assistant: Amy Devine, (212) 854-6881, <u>aed2152@columbia.edu</u>

Education

2019 (expected)	Ph.D.	Economics	Columbia University
2013	M.Phil.	Economics	University of Oxford
2010	B.A.	Economics	Columbia University

Honors and Awards

2015-2016, Dissertation Fellowship, Department of Economics, Columbia University 2013-2018, Dean's Fellowship, Columbia University 2011-2013, Clarendon Scholarship, University of Oxford 2006-2010, Kluge Scholarship, Columbia University

Fields of Specialization

Macroeconomics, Behavioral Macro

Job Market Paper

Deeper Habits

Inertia in consumption is a well-established fact both at the aggregate and at the individual goods level. Whether inertia results from habits or costs, however, remains an open question. We use an experimental approach to distinguish between the two. In an experiment that replicates the consumption/savings problem we find that our subjects exhibit inertia even when their objective is time-separable and there are no external switching costs. We argue that consumers condition on past actions as a way of economizing on cognitive resources. We develop a model of "rationally inattentive reconsideration" and estimate the costs of inertia in our set-up to be around one percent of consumption.

Research Experience

2016 – 2017 Research Assistant for Michael Woodford
 2014 – 2015 Research Assistant for Emi Nakamura, Jon Steinsson and Enrichetta Ravina
 Research Associate, Federal Reserve Bank of San Francisco

Teaching Experience

Instructor Summer 2016, Uncertainty and Information

Teaching Assistant Fall 2017, Cognitive Mechanisms and Economic Behavior: Prof. Michael Woodford Spring 2016, Intermediate Macroeconomics: Prof. Martin Uribe Fall 2015, Macroeconomics I for MA: Ron Miller Fall 2014, Intermediate Macroeconomics: Prof. Ricardo Reis

Personal

Citizenship: US Languages: English, Spanish

References

Michael Woodford (advisor) John Bates Clark Professor of Political Economy Columbia University (+1) 212-854-1094 michael.woodford@columbia.edu

Mark Dean Associate Professor of Economics Columbia University (+1) 212-854-3669 mark.dean@columbia.edu

Hassan Afrouzi Assistant Professor of Economics Columbia University (+1) 212-854-4459 hassan.afrouzi@columbia.edu